TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2021



J. B. WATSON & Co., F.L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA LOCAL GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS June 30, 2021

Town Council

Phil Thomas, Mayor

Jerry Clontz, Mayor Pro Tem

John Biggers

Patricia Kindley

Gary Wilfong

Administrative and Financial Staff

Darrell Baucom, Finance Officer

Teresa Gregorius, Town Clerk

Ed Humphries, Deputy Clerk/Land Use Administrator

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Fairview, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Fairview, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Town of Fairview, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages i through ix) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Town of Fairview, North Carolina. The individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit and the procedures performed as described above, the individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Wadesboro, North Carolina

DWoken & 6, PUC

November 9, 2021

As management of Town of Fairview, North Carolina, we offer readers of Town of Fairview's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Town of Fairview for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Town of Fairview exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$1,734,421 (net position).
- The government's total net position decreased by \$47,551.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Town of Fairview's governmental fund reported
 an ending fund balance of \$411,908, an increase of \$10,166 in comparison with the prior
 year mainly due to decreased funding for the volunteer fire department and decreased
 spending for the park due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Approximately 10 percent of this
 total amount, or \$41,474, is nonspendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$370,434, or 118 percent, of total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- Town of Fairview incurred \$600,000 of long-term debt during fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, for the purchase of land adjacent to the park. Annual debt service payments began on this debt in January 2020.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Fairview's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Town of Fairview.

Figure 1 Management's Basic Discussion and Financial **Analysis** Statements Government-wide Fund Notes to the **Financial** Financial Financial Statements Statements Statements

Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Basic Financial Statements

Summary

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about Town of Fairview's financial status.

Detail

The next statements (Exhibits 3-1 through 5) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are two parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements and 2) the budgetary comparison statement.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are shown as one category: Governmental activities. The governmental activities include the Town's basic services of general administration, public safety, environmental protection, economic and physical development, and culture and recreation. Property taxes and State revenues finance most of these activities, while a government grant financed a large portion of the culture and recreation expenditures.

The government-wide financial statements are Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Town of Fairview, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. The funds of Town of Fairview are shown in one category: governmental funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. All of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Town of Fairview adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted.

The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 8-18 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities: The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and State laws and federal and State appropriations.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW NET POSITION FIGURE 2

	Governmental Activities		
	2021	2020	
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$ 436,098 1,851,027		
Total assets	2,287,125	2,372,166	
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding:	32,698	30,187	
Due within one year	40,000	40,000	
Due after one year	480,000	520,000	
Deferred inflows of resources	6	7	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	552,704	590,194	
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	1,331,027	1,388,749	
Restricted	38,288	35,679	
Unrestricted	365,106	357,544	
Total net position	\$ 1,734,421	\$ 1,781,972	

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Town of Fairview exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,734,421 as of June 30, 2021. The Town's net position decreased by \$47,551 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. \$1,331,027 or 76.7% reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. Town of Fairview uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. An additional portion of Town of Fairview's net position \$38,288 or 2.2% represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$365,106 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of Town of Fairview's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted net position:

- Expenditures were controlled with budget procedures.
- Payments to the volunteer fire department were completed this year for the purchase of a fire truck.

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIGURE 3

	Governmental			
	Activities			
		2021		2020
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	38,416	\$	24,843
Operating grants and contributions		374		3,195
Capital grants and contributions		-		-
General revenues:				
Property taxes		94,847		90,184
Other taxes and licenses		188,994		184,149
Grants and contributions not restricted		-		-
Investment earnings, unrestricted		654		2,199
Miscellaneous, unrestricted		150		404
Total revenues		323,435	_	304,974
Expenses				
Program expenses:				
General government		137,350		128,806
Public safety		26,285		62,569
Economic and physical development		44,974		44,027
Environmental protection		8,000		8,000
Culture and recreation		133,310		142,811
Interest on long-term debt		21,067		22,626
Total expenses		370,986	_	408,839
Total expenses	_	370,900	_	700,037
Change in net position		(47,551)		(103,865)
Net position, July 1	_	1,781,972		1,885,837
Net position, June 30	\$	1,734,421	\$	1,781,972

Governmental activities: Governmental activities decreased the Town's net position by \$47,551. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- Quarterly payments to the volunteer fire department for truck payments stopped in January 2021.
- Park expenditures were down due to reduced programs and events caused by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, Town of Fairview uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of Town of Fairview's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Town of Fairview's financing requirements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Town of Fairview. At the end of the current fiscal year, Town of Fairview's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$370,434 while total fund balance reached \$411,908. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 118.0% of General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 131.2% of the same amount.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. Town of Fairview did not make any major budget amendments.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: Town of Fairview's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2021, totals \$1,851,027 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, improvements, office equipment, and park equipment.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

• Depreciation of capital assets for governmental activities in the amount of \$97,722

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW CAPITAL ASSETS (net of depreciation) FIGURE 4

	Governmental Activities				
	2021 2020		2020		
Land	\$	744,435	\$	744,435	
Land improvements		6,242		6,735	
Buildings and improvements		1,000,160		1,077,033	
Leasehold improvements		14,741		19,905	
Office furniture and equipment		284		397	
Park equipment	_	85,165	_	100,244	
	\$	1,851,027	\$	1,948,749	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 2 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt: Town of Fairview had no bonded debt as of June 30, 2021.

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW Outstanding Debt FIGURE 5

Governmental Activities
2021 2020

\$ 520,000 \$ 560,000

Direct borrowing installment purchase

Town of Fairview's Outstanding Debt

Town of Fairview's total debt decreased by \$40,000 during the past fiscal year due to scheduled annual debt service payments.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within the government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Town of Fairview is \$36,884,065. The Town has no bonds authorized but un-issued at June 30, 2021.

Additional information regarding Town of Fairview's long-term debt can be found in Note 2 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town.

The Town expects slow revenue growth in the future due to the following economic indicators.

- Revenues and expenditures are expected to decline slightly due to the impact of COVID-19 on State revenues that are shared with the Towns. The shortfall in revenues will be made up through higher fund balance appropriation.
- Property tax rate for 2021-2022 will remain at \$.02/\$100 of valuation.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Governmental Activities: The Town has no major changes in the budget for June 30, 2022, compared to the June 30, 2021, budget. Revenues and expenditures are expected to decline slightly as noted above.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Town Budget and Finance Officer, Darrell Baucom, 7516 Concord Hwy, Monroe, North Carolina, 28110. One can also call (704)-753-1981, visit our website www.fairviewnc.gov, or send an email to tgregorius@fairviewnc.gov.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

ASSETS	Governmental Activities
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Accrued interest receivable on taxes	\$ 393,081 1,214 329
Due from other governments Prepaid expenditures TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	38,288 3,186 436,098
CAPITAL ASSETS Land	744,435
Other capital assets, net of depreciation TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	1,106,592 1,851,027
TOTAL ASSETS	2,287,125
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued interest payable Due to other governments Deposits Long-term liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,347 10,057 14,899 1,395 40,000 480,000 552,698
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Prepaid taxes	6
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	1,331,027
Restricted for: Stabilization by State statute Unrestricted	38,288 365,106
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,734,421

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 2

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Tor the Tear Blided oute 50, 2021				P		n Revenue			Re C	(Expense) evenue and hanges in et Position
			Ch	arges for	*	erating ants and	Capita Grants		Go	vernmental
	F	Expenses		ervices		tributions	Contribu			Activities
Franctions/Decompage		Apelises		CIVICCS	COII	illoutions	Continua	110113		ictivities
Functions/Programs Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	137,350	\$	16,650	\$	374	\$	_	2	(120,326)
Public safety	φ	26,285	Ψ	10,050	Ψ	577	Ψ	_	Ψ	(26,285)
Economic and physical development		44,974		20,066		_		_		(24,908)
Environmental protection		8,000		20,000		_		_		(8,000)
Culture and recreation		133,310		1,700		_		-		(131,610)
Interest on long-term debt		21,067		-,		_		_		(21,067)
Total governmental activities		370,986		38,416	-	374		_		(332,196)
Total governmental activities				30,110						(55-,550)
		neral reven	ues:							
	T	axes:								0.4.0.45
		Property ta	,		genera	ıl purposes	5			94,847
		Other taxes					. ~			188,994
		rants and co				icted to sp	ecific prog	grams		- -
		ivestment e		gs, unrestr	ictea					654 150
	N	liscellaneou	IS						_	130
						Total gen	eral reven	ıues		284,645
						Change i	n net pos	ition		(47,551)
	Ne	t position, b	egin	ning						1,781,972
						Net po	sition, en	ding	\$	1,734,421

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	 General Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 393,081
Taxes receivable	1,214
Prepaid expenditures	3,186
Due from other governments	 38,288
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 435,769
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 6,347
Due to other governments	14,899
Deposits	 1,395
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 22,641
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property taxes receivable	1,214
Prepaid taxes	 6
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 1,220
FUND BALANCES	
Nonspendable:	
Prepaid expenditures	3,186
Restricted:	
Stabilization by State statute	38,288
Unassigned	 370,434
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 411,908
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 435,769

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

Exhibit 3-2

\$ 1,734,421

Fund balances - Total governmental funds (Exhibit 3-1)	\$ 411,908
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Capital assets	2,259,101
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(408,074)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are inflows of resources in the funds.	
Accrued interest receivable on taxes	329
Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources	
in fund statements.	1,214
in failed statements.	1,-1
Some liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses	
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Installment purchases payable	(520,000)
	(10,057)
Accrued interest payable	 (10,037)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA Exhibit 4-1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	(General Fund
REVENUES		
Ad valorem taxes	\$	95,615
Unrestricted intergovernmental		188,994
Restricted intergovernmental		374
Permits and fees		20,066
Sales and services		18,350
Investment earnings		654
Miscellaneous		50
TOTAL REVENUES		324,103
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General government		127,284
Public safety		26,285
Economic and physical development		44,974
Environmental protection		8,000
Culture and recreation		45,654
Debt service:		
Principal retirement		40,000
Interest and other charges		21,840
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		314,037
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		10,066
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Sale of capital assets	_	100
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		10,166
FUND BALANCE, beginning		401,742
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$	411,908

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 4-2

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4-1)	\$ 10,166
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, however, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense for governmental assets	- (97,722)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Decrease in accrued interest on property taxes Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues	(59) (709)
The issuance of long-term debtr provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on the net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal payment on long-term debt	40,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the us of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in accrued interest payable	773
Total change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)	\$ (47,551)

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES Ad valorem taxes Unrestricted intergovernmental Restricted intergovernmental Permits and fees Sales and services Investment earnings	Original Budget \$ 89,200 177,000 - 12,000 18,000 1,800	Final Budget \$ 89,200 176,900 - 15,500 16,350 500	Actual \$ 95,615 188,994 374 20,066 18,350 654	Variance with Final Positive (Negative) \$ 6,415 12,094 374 4,566 2,000 154
Miscellaneous TOTAL DEVENIUES	200,000	200.450	50	50
TOTAL REVENUES	298,000	298,450	324,103	25,653
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government	127,710	140,890	127,284	13,606
Public safety	30,665	26,285	26,285	-
Economic and physical development	45,000	45,000	44,974	26
Environmental protection	8,000	8,000	8,000	-
Culture and recreation	62,100	57,200	45,654	11,546
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	40,000	40,000	40,000	-
Interest and other charges	21,840	21,840	21,840	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	335,315	339,215	314,037	25,178
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(37,315)	(40,765)	10,066	50,831
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Sale of capital assets			100	100
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(37,315)	(40,765)	10,166	50,931
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	37,315	40,765	-	(40,765)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	10,166	\$ 10,166
FUND BALANCE, beginning			401,742	
FUND BALANCE, ending			\$ 411,908	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Town of Fairview conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

Town of Fairview is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a fourmember council.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component units, if any. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements would distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town; however, Town of Fairview does not have any business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Statements for the Town's only fund category – governmental – are presented. The Town has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds, when applicable.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources, except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, other taxes and licenses, permits and fees, and investment income. The primary expenditures are for general government, economic and physical development, culture and recreation, and debt service.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases (if any) are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013, and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities sales tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for Town of Fairview because the tax is levied by Union County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure-driven grants (if any) are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

D. BUDGETARY DATA

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted as needed. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the object level for all annually budgeted funds and for any multi-year funds. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND EQUITY

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value. Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

All cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The Town considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2020.

ALLOWANCES FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

Allowances for doubtful accounts are not maintained by the Town due to expected collectability of all accounts receivable.

PREPAID EXPENDITURES

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenditures in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land \$1,000; buildings and improvements \$1,000; equipment and furniture \$1,000; computer software and equipment \$1,000. Donated capital assets received prior to June 16, 2015, are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015, are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Leasehold improvements	5-15 years
Equipment and furniture	5-15 years
Buildings and improvements	7-30 years
Land improvements	15 years

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has no items that meet this criterion. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has two items that meet the criterion for this category – property taxes receivable and prepaid taxes.

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in governmental activities. In the fund financial statements for government fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Town has only part-time employees and does not provide vacation or sick pay; therefore, no provision for compensated absences has been made.

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

NET POSITION:

Net position in government-wide financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through State statute.

FUND BALANCES:

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Prepaid expenditures</u> - portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of prepaid expenses, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina legislature in the 1930's designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS) is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget year. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation". RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. RSS is included as a component of restricted fund balance on the Balance Sheet and restricted net position on the Statement of Net Position.

Committed Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Town of Fairview's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation. The Town does not have any committed fund balance this fiscal year.

Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that the Town intends to use for specific purposes.

<u>Subsequent year's expenditures</u> - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation. The Town does not have any assigned fund balance this fiscal year.

Unassigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Town has not adopted a minimum fund balance policy, but follows the State Treasurer's guidance.

DEFINED BENEFIT COST-SHARING PLANS

The Town's employees do not participate in the State retirement plan.

NOTE 2 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. ASSETS

DEPOSITS

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all Pooling Method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2021, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$392,018 and a bank balance of \$392,932. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2021, the Town's bank balances exceeded federally insured limits by \$142,932.

INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2021, the Town's investments consisted of \$1,063 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no formal policy regarding credit risk of its investments.

RECEIVABLES

Virtually all ad valorem taxes and accounts receivable are collected, and accordingly, allowances for doubtful accounts are not considered material or necessary.

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CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:	Darances	mereases	Decreases	Bulances
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 744,435	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 744,435
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	7,400	-	-	7,400
Buildings and improvements	1,319,080	_	-	1,319,080
Leasehold improvements	27,486	-	-	27,486
Office furniture and equipment	14,342	-	2,570	11,772
Park equipment	148,928			148,928
	1,517,236		2,570	1,514,666
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	665	493	_	1,158
Buildings and improvements	242,047	76,873	-	318,920
Leasehold improvements	7,581	5,164	-	12,745
Office furniture and equipment	13,945	113	2,570	11,488
Park equipment	48,684	15,079		63,763
	312,922	97,722	2,570	408,074
	1,204,314			1,106,592
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 1,948,749			\$ 1,851,027
Depreciation expense was charged to go	vernmental de	partments as f	follows:	
General government		\$ 10,066		
Culture and recreation		87,656		
		\$ 97,722		
		7,122		

B. LIABILITIES

DEFERRED OUTFLOW AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

Taxes receivable	\$ 1,214
Prepaid taxes	 6
	\$ 1,220

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in an insurance pool administered by the Interlocal Risk Financing Fund of North Carolina. Through this pool, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$5 million per occurrence, and property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy.

The Town carries commercial insurance for workers' compensation coverage and all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town participates in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). NFIP is managed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and enables homeowners and businesses in participating communities to purchase federally backed flood insurance.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer and the tax collector/land use administrator are bonded for \$50,000 and \$10,000, respectively. The Town also has a blanket bond for \$20,000.

COMMITMENTS

Town of Fairview entered into an interlocal agreement dated February 20, 2011. Under this agreement, the Town, Union County, and one other municipality are obligated to equally pay for any operating deficit incurred by Piedmont Collection Site. The municipalities are only liable for up to \$8,000 each per fiscal year. The municipalities agreed to pay for the operating deficit in order to keep the landfill open. This agreement automatically renews for successive annual terms.

In December, 2015, Town of Fairview agreed to make quarterly payments of \$13,142 to the Fairview Fire and Rescue Association to assist the Association with debt payments on a new fire truck. The agreement was for a five year period that ended this fiscal year.

CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

The Town is and may be subject to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the Town's management and the Town's attorney, the ultimate impact of any of these legal matters will not materially affect the Town's financial position.

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Installment purchase

In November, 2018, the Town entered into a direct borrowing installment purchase contract with two individuals to finance the purchase of real estate. The financing contract requires 15 annual payments of \$40,000 plus interest at 3.9%. The loan is secured by a deed of trust. In the event of default all remaining principal and interest accrued thereon will be due and payable.

\$ 520,000

Annual debt service payments of the installment purchase as of June 30, 2021, including \$141,960 of interest, are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities				
June 30,	Principal		Interest		
2022	\$ 40,000	\$	20,280		
2023	40,000)	18,720		
2024	40,000)	17,160		
2025	40,000)	15,600		
2026	40,000)	14,040		
2027-2031	200,000)	46,800		
2032-2034	120,000) _	9,360		
	\$ 520,000	\$	141,960		

CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in the Town's long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2021:

					Due
	Balance			Balance	Within
	July 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2021	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Direct borrowing installment					
purchase	\$ 560,000	\$ -	\$ 40,000	\$ 520,000	\$ 40,000

At June 30, 2021, Town of Fairview had a legal debt margin of \$36,884,065.

C. OPERATING LEASES

On July 26, 2018, the Town entered into a five-year lease agreement with Union County Board of Education for office space. The lease has an automatic monthly renewal after the the initial five-year period. Subsequent to June 30, 2021, the Board of Education sold the property to Union County. On October 14, 2021, the Town purchased the property from Union County. Based upon the agreed-upon sell and purchase of the property, the Town and Board of Education cancelled the lease for office space effective July 2021.

The Town also leases a copier under a four year lease. This lease can automatically renew for one additional year at the end of the lease term.

The annual minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30,	
2022	\$ 1,546
2023	1,546
2024	773
	\$ 3,865

Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2021, was \$13,546.

NOTE 3 – JOINT VENTURES

Charlotte Regional Transportation Planning Organization

The Town participates in a joint venture, Charlotte Regional Transportation Planning Organization (CRTPO), with 29 other jurisdictions in Iredell, Mecklenburg, and Union counties to work cooperatively with each other and the North Carolina Department of Transportation to enhance transportation planning opportunities for the region. CRTPO is one of the four MPO's and one RPO that make up the Charlotte Regional Alliance for Transportation. The Charlotte-Mecklenburg Planning Department is the lead planning agency for CRTPO. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in CRTPO, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2021. In accordance with the agreement between the participating governments and CRTPO, the Town paid \$1,375 to the CRTPO during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, for membership dues. Complete financial statements for CRTPO may be obtained from CRTPO's office at 600 E. Fourth Street, 8th Floor, Charlotte, North Carolina 28202-2853.

NOTE 4 – SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

STATE ASSISTED PROGRAMS

The Town has received proceeds from several State grants in the past. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

NOTE 5 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Town has been awarded \$267,197 in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds. The first tranche of \$133,598 was received by the Town in August 2021. The second tranche of the same amount is anticipated to be received in August 2022. The Town plans to meet the grantor requirements of encumbering costs by December 31, 2024, and having all funds fully expended by December 31, 2026. Plans for these expenditures will not be finalized until the Town has received final guidance from the United States Treasury on allowable expenditures.

On October 14, 2021, the Town purchased the current Town office property from Union County for \$125,000.

AND SCHEDULES

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit A-1
Page 1 of 3

	Final		Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES			
Ad valorem taxes:			
Taxes	\$ 89,200	\$ 95,180	\$ 5,980
Penalties and interest	-	435	435
Total	89,200	95,615	6,415
Unrestricted intergovernmental:			
Local option sales taxes	26,600	35,171	8,571
Beer and wine tax	15,900	15,931	31
Utilities sales tax	134,400	108,341	(26,059)
Telecommunications sales tax	-	21,620	21,620
Piped natural gas sales tax	-	575	575
Video franchise fee		7,356	7,356
Total	176,900	188,994	12,094
Restricted intergovernmental:			
Coronavirus Relief Fund		374	374
Permits and fees:			
Zoning fees and permits	15,500	20,066	4,566
Sales and services:			
Rental house income	15,000	15,066	66
Park rental income	1,350	1,700	350
Farm land rental		1,584	1,584
Total	16,350	18,350	2,000
Investment earnings	500	654	154
Miscellaneous		50	50
TOTAL REVENUES	298,450	324,103	25,653

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

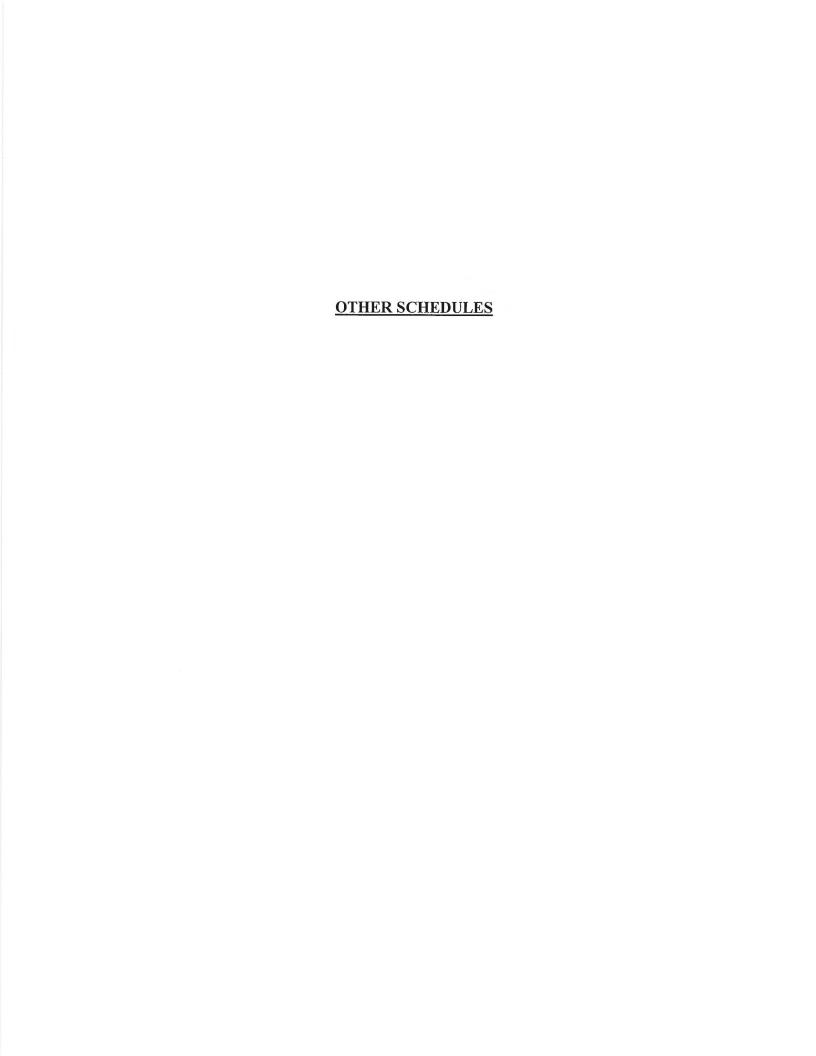
Exhibit A-1 Page 2 of 3

			Variance
	Final		Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES			
General government:			
Advertising	1,200	801	399
Audit fees	8,530	8,530	-
Bank service charges	500	468	32
Collection fees - ad valorem	1,750	1,611	139
Computer and internet	10,300	8,396	1,904
Dues and subscriptions	6,000	5,880	120
Grants	1,000	500	500
Insurance	5,550	5,522	28
Legal fees	12,000	9,448	2,552
Miscellaneous	2,360	1,820	540
Office supplies	15,500	13,053	2,447
Office utilities	4,000	3,739	261
Payroll expense	41,400	39,080	2,320
Payroll taxes	7,400	7,188	212
Professional fees	7,700	6,425	1,275
Rent	12,000	12,000	_
Repairs and maintenance	1,200	1,114	86
Telephone	1,500	1,301	199
Training	500		500
Travel	500	408	92
Total	140,890	127,284	13,606
Public safety:			
Fire:			
Operating expenditures	26,285	26,285	_
Economic and physical development:			
Payroll expense	45,000	44,974	26
Environmental protection:			
Sanitation contracted services	8,000	8,000	-

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit A-1 Page 3 of 3

EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Culture and recreation:			
Festival expense	15,000	6,786	8,214
Park maintenance	30,000	26,800	3,200
Park utilities	2,300	2,210	90
Payroll expense	9,900	9,858	42
Total	57,200	45,654	11,546
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	40,000	40,000	-
Interest and other charges	21,840	21,840	
Total	61,840	61,840	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	339,215	314,037	25,178
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(40,765)	10,066	50,831
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Sale of capital assets	-	100	100
•			
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(40,765)	10,166	50,931
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	40,765	<u> </u>	(40,765)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	10,166	\$ 10,166
FUND BALANCE, beginning		401,742	
FUND BALANCE, ending		\$ 411,908	



TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE June 30, 2021

Fiscal Year	В	collected alance 30, 2020	A	dditions		ollections d Credits	В	collected alance 30, 2021
2020-2021	\$	_	\$	93,920	\$	93,740	\$	180
2019-2020		1,097		243		984		356
2018-2019		361		243		242		362
2017-2018		60		157		136		81
2016-2017		64		27		43		48
2015-2016		44		_		27		17
2014-2015		43		-		1		42
2013-2014		43		-		2		41
2012-2013		41		-		2		39
2011-2012		51		-		3		48
2010-2011		119		-		119		-
	\$	1,923	\$	94,590	\$	95,299	\$	1,214
Reconcilement with re	evenues							
Ad Valorem Taxes		ral Fund					\$	95,615
Reconciling items:								
Interest collected								(435)
Collection of tax	es previ	ously writte	n off					-
Refunds								-
Taxes written off								119
				Total collec	tions a	nd credits	\$	95,299

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY - TOWN-WIDE LEVY For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

					Total	Levy
	Te	own-	-wide		Property Excluding	
	Property Valuation		Rate	Amount of Levy	Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles
Original levy:	\$ 466 727 550	¢	0.02	¢ 02 247	¢ 01.626	¢ 11 711
Property taxed at current rate	\$ 466,737,559	\$	0.02	\$ 93,347	\$ 81,636	\$ 11,711
Penalties and adjustments				104	104	
Total	466,737,559			93,451	81,740	11,711
Discoveries:						
Current year taxes	2,206,000		0.02	441	441	-
Penalties and adjustments				307	307	
	2,206,000			748	748	-
Releases	(1,392,750)			(279)	(279)	
Total property valuation	\$ 467,550,809					
Net levy				93,920	82,209	11,711
Unpaid (by taxpayer) taxes at Jun	e 30, 2021			(180)	(180)	
Current year's taxes collected				\$ 93,740	\$ 82,029	\$ 11,711
Current levy collection percentage	e			99.81%	99.78%	100.00%

TOWN OF FAIRVIEW, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Federal	State/	Grant Funds Expended		ded
	AL#/	Pass-through	Federal (Direct		
Grantor/Pass-Through	CFDA	Grantor's	& Pass-through)	State	Local
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures	Expenditures	Expenditures

Federal Grants:

Cash Assistance:

U.S. Department of Treasury

Passed-through the Office of State Budget and

Management:

N.C. Pandemic Recovery Office:

Passed-through Union County:

Coronavirus Relief Fund 21.019 \$ 374 \$ - \$

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of Town of Fairview under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2021. Because the SEFSA presents only a selected portion of the operations of Town of Fairview, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position or changes in net position of Town of Fairview.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.